

## Homework for Digital Signal Processing

### Sheet 2

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**Exercise 1.** Implement the following functions (matlab is easiest):

- A function which reads a sound file (WAV format) and writes the samples (one channel in case of stereo) to a text file.
- A function which reads samples from a text file and stores the result in a sound file (WAV format, mono, 8kHz sampling rate).
- A function which plots the samples of a sound file.

If you decide to do your project in C, you can leave the sound file I/O to matlab and read/write samples from/to simple text files. It is also not difficult to implement sound file I/O directly in C if you make yourself familiar with the WAV header and ask Chat GPT for an example.

Finally write a program in the language for your project which generates samples for a sine wave with 200Hz and 8kHz sampling rate and duration one second. Store the samples in a sound file in WAV format. Play the sound file and verify that it sounds correct. Try different frequencies and see what happens if the frequency is above 4kHz.

**Exercise 2.** Find a complex number  $z$  such that

$$3 \cos(2t + 1) = \operatorname{re}(ze^{j2t}).$$

**Exercise 3.** Find  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$3 \cos(2t + 1) = a \cos(2t) + b \sin(2t).$$

**Exercise 4.** A function  $f(t)$  is  $T$ -periodic if

$$f(t + T) = f(t) \text{ for all } t.$$

Show that

$$f(t) = e^{j\omega t} \text{ with } \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

is a  $T$ -periodic function.

**Exercise 5.** Show that the Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of a  $T$ -periodic function  $f(t)$  can also be computed with the following formula:

$$z_k = \int_0^1 f(Tt) e^{-2\pi jkt} dt.$$

Show that the function

$$g(t) = f(Tt)$$

which appears in this formula, is 1-periodic.

**Exercise 6.** Compute the complex Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of the  $T$ -periodic function  $f$ , defined as

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } -T/2 < t < 0 \\ 1 & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq T/2 \end{cases}$$

and  $f(t+T) = f(t)$  for all  $t$ . Solve the integrals without a computer. Hint: You have to distinguish the cases  $k$  even and  $k$  odd.

**Exercise 7.** Let  $f(t)$  be a  $T$ -periodic function with given Fourier coefficients  $z_k$ . The function

$$g(t) = f(t - \hat{t})$$

is  $f(t)$  shifted by  $\hat{t}$  to the right and therefore also  $T$ -periodic. Compute the Fourier coefficients of  $g(t)$  in dependence of  $z_k$ .

**Exercise 8.** Let  $f(t)$  be a  $T$ -periodic function with Fourier coefficients  $z_k$ .

- Show that  $-f(t)$  has the negated Fourier coefficients  $-z_k$ .
- Show that  $f(-t)$  has the conjugate complex Fourier coefficients  $\overline{z_k}$ .
- Use the above results to show that the Fourier coefficients of an even function are real and the Fourier coefficients of an odd function are imaginary.

**Exercise 9.** Compute the complex Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of the  $T = 2$ -periodic function

$$f(t) = e^{|t|} \text{ for } -1 < t \leq 1$$

and  $f(t+2) = f(t)$  for all  $t$ . Simplify the term for  $z_k$  as much as possible.

**Exercise 10.** Compute the Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of the  $T$ -periodic function

$$f(t) = 3 + \cos(\omega t) - 4\cos(3\omega t + 2) + \sin(\omega t) + 2\sin(4\omega t)$$

with  $\omega = 2\pi/T$ . Hint: Try to solve this exercise without integration.

**Exercise 11.** Compute the complex Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of the  $T$ -periodic sawtooth function  $f$  which is defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= t & \text{for } 0 \leq t < T \\ f(t+T) &= f(t) & \text{else} \end{aligned}$$

Solve the integrals without computer using partial integration.

**Exercise 12.** Compute the complex Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of the  $T = 2$ -periodic function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t+1 & \text{if } -1 < t < 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } 0 \leq t \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

and  $f(t+2) = f(t)$  for all  $t$ . Solve the integrals without computer with partial integration.

**Exercise 13.** Compute the complex Fourier coefficients  $z_k$  of the  $\pi$ -periodic function

$$f(t) = \sin(t)^2.$$

Hint: Rewrite  $f(t)$  as a sum of complex exponentials.